

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

The accompanying Financial Statements of the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board for the year ended September 30, 2010 have been audited. The statements as set out on pages 1 to 10 comprise a Statement of Financial Position as at September 30, 2010, a Statement of Comprehensive Income, a Statement of Changes in Equity and a Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and Notes to the Financial Statements numbered 1 to 8, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. The management of the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

- 3. The Auditor General's responsibility is to express an opinion on these Financial Statements based on the audit. The audit was carried out in accordance with section 116 of the Constitution of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago and section 22(4) and (5) of the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board Act, Chapter 5:31. The audit was conducted in accordance with the principles and concepts of International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions which require that ethical requirements be complied with and that the audit be planned and performed to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 5. It is my view that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

OPINION

6. In my opinion, the Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respect, the financial position of the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board as at September 30, 2010 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

SUBMISSION OF REPORT

7. This Report is being submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate and the Minister of Finance in accordance with the requirements of sections 116 and 119 of the Constitution of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago.

4TH OCTOBER, 2023 PORT OF SPAIN JAIWANTIE RAMDASS AUDITOR GENERAL (Ag.)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD TABLE OF

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

		Septemb	er 30
		2010	2009
ASSETS			
Non Current Assets	Notes		
Property, Plant and Equipment	2.2 & 3	258,014	241,001
Total Non-Current Assets		258,014	241,001
Current Assets	351		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.3 & 4	662,310	39,032
Trade Receivables and Prepayment	2.4 & 5	229,848	2,369
Total Current Assets		892,158	41,401
Total Assets		1,150,172	282,402
EQUITY AND LIABILITI	ES		
Capital and Reserves			
Accumulated Surplus		809,658	1,113
Total Equity		809,658	1,113
Liabilities			
Deferred Revenue		155,282	183,298
Non Current Liabilities		155,282	183,298
Accounts Payable and Accruals	2.5 & 6	82,500	40,287
Current Portion of Deferred Revenue		102,732	57,704
Total Current Liabilites	PINIDA	185,232	97,991
Total Liabilities	SOF THINDS WO	340,514	281,289
Total Liabilities and Equity		1,150,172	282,402
For and on behalf of the Board	4/10/2023	Malkanned 1P/ Secretary	Chairman
Date:		7/	

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

		Year ended September 30	
		2010	2009
Subvention		1,987,826	86,418
Deferred Revenue		86,761	80,334
Bank Interest received		1,618	
Revenue		2,076,205	166,752
Distribution Expenses	7	4,728	2,610
Administrative Expenses	8	1,262,933	163,029
Total Expenses		1,267,660	165,639
Surplus / Deficit		808,545	1,113

CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD STATEMENT OF EQUITY

for the year ended September 30, 2010 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Surplus	Total
Balance as at 1st October 2009	1,113	1,113
Surplus for the year	808,545	808,545
Balance as at 30th September 2010	809,658	809,658
Balance as at 1st October 2008		
Surplus for the year	1,113	1,113
Balance as at 30th September 2009	1,113	1,113

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Year ended September 30	
	2010	2009
Operating Activities		
Surplus for the year	808,545	1,113
Adjustment for Depreciation	86,761	80,334
Adjustment for Deferred Revenue	(86,761)	(80,334)
Operating Capital before Working Capital	808,545	1,113
Increase / Decrease in Receivables	(227,479)	(2,369)
Increase / Decrease in Payables	42,213	40,287
Net Cash from Operating Activities	623,279	39,031
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	623,279	39,031
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of Year	39,031	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of Year	662,310	39,031

CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30-2010

1. INCORPORATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Criminal Injuries Compensation Board was established by the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act 21 of 1999 of the Laws of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, generally to make provision for the payment of compensation to victims of criminal injuries and for matters relating thereto.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention according to International Accounting Standard 8. The accounting policies in all material respects conform to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act 21 of 1999, the Financial Regulations, the Exchequer Audit Act, the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and General Accepted Accounting Practice (GAAP). These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated. No account has been taken of the effects of inflation.

2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Properties, Plant and Equipment are stated at historical cost. Depreciation is calculated on the reducing balance basis at rates sufficient to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. There were no disposals during the year.

Office Equipment - 25% per annum
Furniture - 25% per annum
Motor Vehicles - 25% per annum
Computers - 33% per annum
Leasehold Improvements - 15% per annum

2.3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost and comprise cash in hand and deposits held at call at the bank, funds held in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars (TTD

2.4 Trade Receivables and Prepayments

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. Prepayments are amounts paid in advance of goods or services received. All receivables are expected to be settled in one year or less and are classified as current assets. Receivables are initially recognized at the transaction price

2.5 Trade Payables and Accruals

Trade payables are obligations on the basis of normal credit terms and do not bear interest. Accruals are expenses incurred in a period for which no invoice has been received. Accounts payable are recognized initially at the transaction price.

CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30-2010

Property, Plant and Equipment

	Motor Vehicles	Office Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Computers	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Year ended September 30, 2010						
Opening net book value	146,598	67,586	26,817	-		241,001
Purchase of asset	-		25,099	77,476	1,200	103,774
Depreciation Charge	36,649	16.897	7,385	25,825		<u>86,761</u>
Closing Net Book Value	109,948	<u>50,690</u>	44,531	<u>51,650</u>	1,195	258,014
As at September 30, 2010						
	260,618	118,639	69,761	77,476	1,200	527,693
Cost	150,670	67,949	25,230	25,825	5	269,680
Accumulated Depreciation Net Book Value	109,948	50,690	44.531	51,650	1,195	258,014
Net Book value	1117,740					(4)
Year ended September 30, 2009						
Opening net book value	195,464	85,572	26,717			307,753
Purchase of asset	-	4,543	9,039	24	-	13,582
Depreciation Charge	48,866	22,529	8,939		-	80,334
Closing Net Book Value	146,598	67,586	26,817		-	241,001
Closing Net Book Value						
As at September 30, 2009						
7.15 at 50 persons 5 c 7						
Cost	260,618	118,639	44,662	-	-	423,919
Accumulated Depreciation	114,020	51,053	17,845			182,918
Net Book Value	146,598	67,586		-	-	241,001

4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Septemb	September 30	
	2010	2009	
Petty Cash	600	600	
FCB Account	661,710	38,432	
	662,310	39,032	

CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

5 Trade Receivables and Prepayments	September 30		
	2010	2009	
Recoverable from Ministry of Justice	229,848	299	
Cable Service Rentokil		2,070	
	229,848	2,369	
6 Trade Payables and Accruals			
o Trade rayables and Accidans	September		
	2010	2009	
Subscriptions Accounting Fees Audit Fees	42,500 40,000	287 20,000 20,000	
Addition	82,500	40,287	
G. Dividio Code			
7 Distribution Costs			
	Year ended Se 2010	2009	
M. A. Vahiola Evropea	4,728	2,610	
Motor Vehicle Expenses	4,728	2,610	

CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

8 Administrative Costs

aministrative Costs	Year ended Sep	Year ended September 30	
	2010	2009	
Catering Expense	8,962	15,365	
Security Service	52,526	**	
Salaries Expense	595,203	-	
Employer's contribution to NIS	27,843	-	
-	22,500	20,000	
Accounting Fees	20,000	20,000	
Audit Fees	86,761	80,334	
Depreciation Expense	33,895	12,076	
Office Stat. & Supplies Expense	10,649	10,806	
Materials & Supplies	-	350	
Miscellaneous	28,617	-	
Telephone Expense	20,386	-	
Electricity Expense	294,400	-	
Rental Expense	6,257	-	
Repair & Main Bld. & Equip.	9,518	-	
Printing Expense	3,805	1,277	
Subscriptions	334	_ ´ _	
Travel Expense	53,387	_	
Workshop Expense	2,486	326	
Meetings Expense	385	300	
Bank Charges Expense	2,990	2,195	
Cable Service Expenses	2,990		
	1,280,904	163,029	